

Embassy of the United States of America

Tokyo, Japan

August 25, 2021

Dear Prospective Offerors:

Subject: Request for Quotations Number 19JA80-21-Q-1044 Focus Group Study with Japanese University Students

The Embassy of the United States of America seeks to enter into a contract with a qualified, responsible, and reliable firm with sufficient knowledge and facilities for obtaining professional services to carry out Focus Group Study with Japanese University Students for Public Affairs Section (PAS) at the U.S. Embassy in Tokyo, Japan.

Note: As required by U.S. Government's federal acquisition regulation (FAR), prospective offeror shall be registered in the System for Award Management (SAM) database prior to award of a contract. The website link providing additional vendor registration information is: https://www.sam.gov/SAM/.

If you are interested in submitting a quote on this project, follow the instructions in Section 3: Solicitation Provisions of the Request for Quotations (RFQ), complete the required portions of the enclosed document, and submit via email as indicated on the next page.

1. Pre-quotation Conference

(a) To provide all the quoters with a uniform explanation of requirements, the Embassy will hold an online pre-quotation conference, as follows:

Date: Tuesday, August 31, 2021

Time: From 2:00 p.m. to on/about 3:30 p.m. (JST) Online Conference: Microsoft (MS) Teams application

- (b) All interested quoters who wish to attend this conference, must submit individual name (s), company name/address, telephone number, and email address to Masao Chuma via email at ChumaMX@state.gov by no later than 12:00 noon, Monday, August 30, 2021 (Japan Standard Time), to arrange for joining the conference via MS Teams application.
- (c) Further instruction on how to join the conference will be provided in the email invitations.

2. Questions

Following the conference, quoters may submit questions (in English) in regard to this RFQ by 3:00 p.m., Friday, September 3, 2021 (JST) via email at ChumaMX@state.gov. All questions will be consolidated and one response will be prepared and posted on the Embassy's website, the same website from where you obtained the solicitation documents.

Quotations

Quotations must be received by no later than 12:00 noon, Tuesday, September 14, 2021 (Japan Standard Time) to Masao Chuma via email address as listed below. No quotation will be accepted after this date/time.

Point of Contact: Masao Chuma - Procurement Agent

Email: ChumaMX@state.gov

Subject: RFQ 19JA80-21-Q-1044

Mobile: 090-1110-9306

Embassy Telephone Operator: 03-3224-5000

Note: After submission of quotation, quoter shall contact Masao Chuma by phone or separate email to confirm the receipt of quotation.

It is understood that no payment will be made for preparation and submission of your quotation.

Thank you in advance for your interest and your time in participating in the request for quotations process.

Sincerely,

Ch = 18

Charles F. Hughes Contracting Officer

Enclosure:

Request for Quotations 19JA80-21-Q-1044

(THIS IS NOT AN ORDER)							A SMALL BUSINESS- ASIDE (52.219-4)		1	53
1. REQUEST	,	2. DATE ISSUED			N/PURCHASI	E REQUEST NO.	4. CERT. FOR N UNDER BDSA AND/OR DMS	AT. DEF. A REG. 2	RATING	
5A. ISSUED	BY	<u> </u>					6. DELIVER BY	(Date)		
U.S. 1-10	Embassy -5 Akasal	Contracting Offic ka okyo 107-8420	ce							
	5B.	FOR INFORMATION CALL: (Na	me and telephone no	o.) (No collect c	calls		7. DELIVERY			
NAME	I	Masao Chuma		AREA COD +81			X FOB DESTINATION OTHER (See Schedule)			
		8.	TO:					9. DES	TINATION	
a. NAME			b. COMPANY		a. NAME OF CONSIGNEE U.S. Embassy					
c. STREET A	ADDRESS						b. STREET ADD 1-10-5		Minato-k	u
d. CITY			e. ST	e. STATE		ZIP CODE	c. CITY Tokyo			
							d. STATE	e. ZIP CODE 107-8	420	
OFFICE	IN BLOCK 5A C	mber 14, 2021;	please so indi pay any costs are of domest	icate on this for incurred in the tic origin unless	orm and retu ne preparations ss otherwise	rn it to the addres	quotations furnish ss in Block 5A. The ion of this quotation oter. Any represent	nis request does on or to contract	not commit the G for supplies or ser	overnment to vices. Supplies
		11.	SCHEDULE (Include appi	licable Fed	leral, State and	l local taxes)			
ITEM NO.		SUPPLIES/S (b)				QUANTITY (c)	UNIT (d)	UNIT PRICE (e)	A	MOUNT (f)
1	Carry out Focus Group Study with Japanese University Students for Public Affairs Section at the U.S. Embassy in Tokyo, Japan, in accordance with terms and conditions of the request for quotations. This RFQ incorporates FAR clause 52.212-4 and provision 52.212-1 by reference. (See subsection 1.1.3 Grand Total Pri under Section 1)					. Price				
-	1			ALENDAR DAY	/S	b. 20	c. 30 CALENDAI	R DAYS	d. CALENDA	AR DAYS
12 DISCOUNT FOR PROMPT PAYMENT %						CALENDAR DAYS %	%		NUMBER	%
NOTE: A	Additional prov	visions and representations	[√] are [_]] are not at	ttached.					
13 NAME AND ADDRESS OF QUOTER			1	14 SIGNATURE OF PERSON AUTHORIZED TO SIGN QUOTATION 15 DATE OF QUOTATION				TATION		
a. NAME and		JOTER (COMPANY)			·					
c. COUNTY				1	16. SIGNER a. NAME (Type or print) b. TELEPHONE					
d. CITY e. STATE f. ZIP C										
d. CITY		e. STATE	f. ZIP C	ODE c	e. TITLE (Ty	pe or print)			AREA CODE	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Standard Form 18 (SF-18), the first page

Section 1: The Schedule

- 1.1 Continuation to SF-18, Request for Quotations (RFQ) Number 19JA80-21-Q-1044, Blocks 11(f), Amount
- 1.2 Continuation to SF-18, Request for Quotations (RFQ) Number 19JA80-21-Q-1044, Block 11(b), Schedule of Supplies/Services

Section 2: Contract Clauses

- 2.1 Contract Clauses
- 2.2 Addendum to Contract Clauses FAR and DOSAR Clauses not Prescribed in Part 12

Section 3: Solicitation Provisions

- 3.1 Solicitation Provisions
- 3.2 Summary of Instructions
- 3.3 Addendum to Solicitation Provisions FAR and DOSAR Provisions not Prescribed in Part 12

Section 4: Evaluation Factors

- 4.1 Evaluation Factors
- 4.2 Addendum to Addendum to Evaluation Factors FAR and DOSAR Provisions not Prescribed in Part 12

Section 5 - Representations and Certifications

5.1 Offeror Representations and Certifications

Section 1: The Schedule

1.1 Continuation to SF-30, Request for Quotations (RFQ) Number 19JA80-21-Q-1044, Blocks 11(f), Amount

1.1.1 Scope of Contract

- (a) The Contractor shall perform professional services to carry out Focus Group Study with Japanese University Students for Public Affairs Section at the U.S. Embassy in Tokyo, Japan, in accordance with the specifications and terms and conditions set forth herein.
- (b) The Contractor shall complete all work (including furnishing all labor, material, equipment, and services) required under this contract for a following firm fixed price. This price shall include, but not limited to, all labor, materials, transportation, insurance, overhead, and profit.
- 1.1.2 Offers and Payment in U.S. Dollars
 - (1) U.S. firms are eligible to be paid in U.S. dollars. U.S. firms desiring to be paid in U.S. dollars should submit their offers in U.S. dollars. A U.S. firm is defined as a company which operates as a corporation incorporated under the laws of a state within the United States.
 - (2) Foreign Firms. Any firm, which is not a U.S. firm, is a foreign firm. Any firm that does not meet the above definition of U.S. firm shall submit its prices and receive payment in Japanese Yen.

1.1.3 Pricing

Carry out Focus Group Study with Japanese University Students, in accordance with subsection 1.2 - Schedule of Supplies/Services:

Grand	Total	Price:	

1.1.4 The U.S. Embassy Tokyo is exempt from Japanese consumption taxes; therefore, such taxes shall not be included in the price nor charged on invoices. After receipt of the Contractor's invoice, the U.S. Government will provide the Contractor with a signed Certificate of Tax Exemption Purchase for Foreign Establishments.

Note: For non-Designated Stores, please visit the following link for registration:

https://www.mofa.go.jp/mofaj/ms/po/page22 003420.html (Japanese) https://www.mofa.go.jp/ms/po/page22e 000946.html (English) 1.2 Continuation to SF-18, Request for Quotations (RFQ) Number 19JA80-21-Q-1044, Block 11(b), Schedule of Supplies/Services

Statement of Work

1.2.1 Background:

FOCUS GROUP STUDY WITH JAPANESE UNIVERSITY STUDENTS TOKYO, JAPAN 2021

The U.S. Embassy Tokyo (the Client) is considering commissioning 6 focus groups to explore Japanese university students' perception towards study abroad and the brand image of destination countries and how the two are interrelated. We would like to conduct the focus groups in Fall 2021, with the exact timing to be determined in consultation with the Offeror (Contractor).

The focus group study should be conducted in Japanese. The Client will work with the Contractor, to develop the English-language version of the screening questionnaire indicating the criteria for selecting respondents, discussion guide, and a short follow-up questionnaire.

1.2.2 Project Overview:

The Contractor shall be responsible for the following tasks:

- (1) Consulting on the design of the screening questionnaire, discussion guide, and follow-up questionnaire with the Client;
- (2) Translating into Japanese the screening questionnaire, discussion guide, and follow-up questionnaire;
- (3) Identifying and selecting participants using the screening questionnaire;
- (4) Managing the fieldwork including providing suitable space for the discussion groups, providing incentives, briefing the moderator(s) and conducting the groups;
- (5) Providing viewing facilities for observation of each discussion group by U.S. Embassy Tokyo staff;
- (6) Providing audio and video recording of the discussion for all group discussions in digital format (e.g. on a CD-ROM);
- (7) Providing full and accurate transcriptions of all group discussions in Japanese and English translations of transcripts;
- (8) Providing summaries of each group, a methodological report, and a final analytical report to the Client by established deadlines (see below for detailed list of deliverables); and
- (9) Maintaining frequent and regular contact with the Client for the duration of the project.

1.2.3 Focus Group Composition and Locations:

universities.

The Contractor shall propose a research design for six (6) groups of university students (undergraduate students and graduate students, ages between 18 and 25), each consisting of 6-8 participants from the same university. Three universities (Group A universities) will be identified by the Client. Two out of the three universities may be selected from the top 20 Japanese universities that send a large number of students abroad, identified in a statistical report compiled by the Japan Student Services Organization (JASSO https://www.studyinjapan.go.jp/ja/ mt/2021/03/date2019n.pdf), but one university may not be selected from the top 20 list. The universities may be selected from outside the Kanto region. Other three universities (Group B universities) can be identified by the Contractor in consultation with the Client, taking into consideration the academic competitiveness, university size and geographical location comparable with each of the Group A

Participants are pre-screened to see they either studied abroad or wanted to study abroad. Each group will have at least two students who studied abroad, including one country in the study abroad market to be identified by the U.S. Embassy.

The Contractor may recruit participants who have graduated from the university and are not students any longer; however, those non-student participants should be under the age of 30 and have studied abroad or considered study abroad within the last four years. For those who have considered studying abroad, determination of their interest level will be discussed with the Client during the design phase of the screening questionnaire. Age and gender are appropriately distributed, if possible. We propose the following group composition, but welcome your recommendations:

Group 1) Group A university students: Campus 1
Group 2) Group A university students: Campus 2
Group 3) Group A university students: Campus 3
Group 4) Group B university students: Comparable with Campus 1
Group 5) Group B university students: Comparable with Campus 2
Group 6) Group B university students: Comparable with Campus 3

1.2.4 Discussion Guide and Screening Questionnaire:

The Client will develop an English-language version of the screening questionnaire, the discussion guide, and a follow-up questionnaire in consultation with the Contractor. The Contractor is responsible for translating these three documents into colloquial Japanese. The Client will review the Japanese translation and consult with the Contractor on necessary changes. The Client must approve the final translation before recruitment begins.

1.2.5 Recruitment:

Participant recruitment shall commence upon the Client's approval of the screening questionnaire, discussion guide, and follow-up questionnaire. Exact timing for fieldwork shall be coordinated with the Client. The Contractor shall be responsible for identification of prospective participants - preferably through a randomized method of contact and collection of data from a short screening questionnaire approved by the Client. Participants must not be neighbors, friends, relatives, co-workers or members/activists in the same organization. Recruiters should be closely supervised in the field during the entire recruitment process. Fieldwork supervisors should be on hand during the scheduling of the focus groups and during the beginning of each discussion in order to manage any unforeseen circumstances. Field staff should recruit at least 8-10 people per group to ensure 6-8 participants. The Client must agree to the final selection of participants before the discussion groups begin.

Each participant should receive an appropriate incentive. Those who turn up but are not selected for the group should also receive some remuneration for their willingness to participate.

1.2.6 Fieldwork:

Exact timing for fieldwork shall be coordinated with the Client for their travel to observe some groups. The Contractor shall provide suitable space with adequate viewing facilities for observation of each discussion group by U.S. Embassy Tokyo staff. The Contractor shall provide trained and highly skilled moderator(s) for each discussion group. Group discussion shall last about 120 minutes and shall be conducted according to the discussion guide. At the conclusion of each group discussion, participants will fill out a brief self-completed questionnaire. Following each discussion group, moderator and project manager will participate in a 30-60 minute debrief with U.S. Embassy Tokyo staff.

1.2.7 Data Management:

For the purpose of the proposed study, data refers to:

- (1) Complete verbatim audio tapes/files of group discussions;
- (2) Complete verbatim transcripts of each audio recording, clearly identifying each speaker;
- (3) Complete high quality English-language translation of all transcripts, clearly identifying each speaker;

- (4) Brief informal summary reports (1-2 pages, in English) of each group, highlighting the opinions expressed and any problems encountered. They do not need to be polished formal reports;
- (5) Tabulation of participant responses to screening questionnaire and the post-discussion follow-up questionnaire, and;
- (6) Methodological report detailing recruitment procedures, fieldwork, demographic profiles of each participant/group, and a brief report of any unusual problems or significant events that may have influenced the conduct of the group discussions;
- (7) A final analytical report in English presenting the main findings of the discussion, with attention to the similarities and difference between the groups, with a small number of illustrative quotes from the transcripts. This does not need to be a narrative report. It can be provided in matrix/table form. For example, for each section of the focus group discussion guide, the final report could consist of a list of the major themes within each focus group, with a few quotations to illustrate these findings; and a few sentences highlighting the key findings and the major comparisons between the groups;

The Contractor is responsible for the management and the delivery of all data to the Client (see below):

1.2.8 Deliverables:

Immediately following the completion of fieldwork, the Contractor is responsible for delivering:

• Clear, high-quality audio recording of each group discussion to U.S. Embassy Tokyo staff on site or, if electronic format is possible, by email to your point of contact in the U.S. Embassy Tokyo. Electronic files should be formatted for QuickTime or another software program agreed upon with the Client.

Within 3 business days of completing each group, the Contractor is responsible for delivering to the Client by email:

• Brief informal summary reports;

Within 7 business days of completing fieldwork, the Contractor is responsible for delivering to the U.S. Embassy Tokyo by email:

• Methodological report;

Within 15 business days of completion of fieldwork, the Contractor is responsible for delivering by email:

• Vernacular transcripts;

- Full translation of the transcripts;
- Tabulation of participants' responses to the follow-up questionnaire for each group in a Microsoft excel file;
- A final analytical report in English.

1.2.9 Method of Delivery:

The Contractor should deliver all materials via courier or electronic mail as appropriate. Use of ZIP files is permitted.

1.2.10 Time Schedule:

Each stage of the focus group project should be conducted according to a schedule agreed to by the Contractor and the Client.

1.2.11 Sub-Contractors:

If any part or stage of the focus group project will be subcontracted to an individual or firm outside of your company, please identify the individual or firm, along with their relevant qualifications and the scope of their responsibility on the project.

1.2.12 Confidentiality:

This study is to be conducted in the name of the Contractor, in keeping with standard industry practice. The Client's identity shall not be revealed to field supervisors, interviewers or respondents in order to minimize bias. Further, the Client's identity, details of the project and the survey results shall not be revealed to outside parties - e.g., media, academic or government -- at any point before, during or after completion of the project without the express written permission of the Client.

Section 2: Contract Clauses

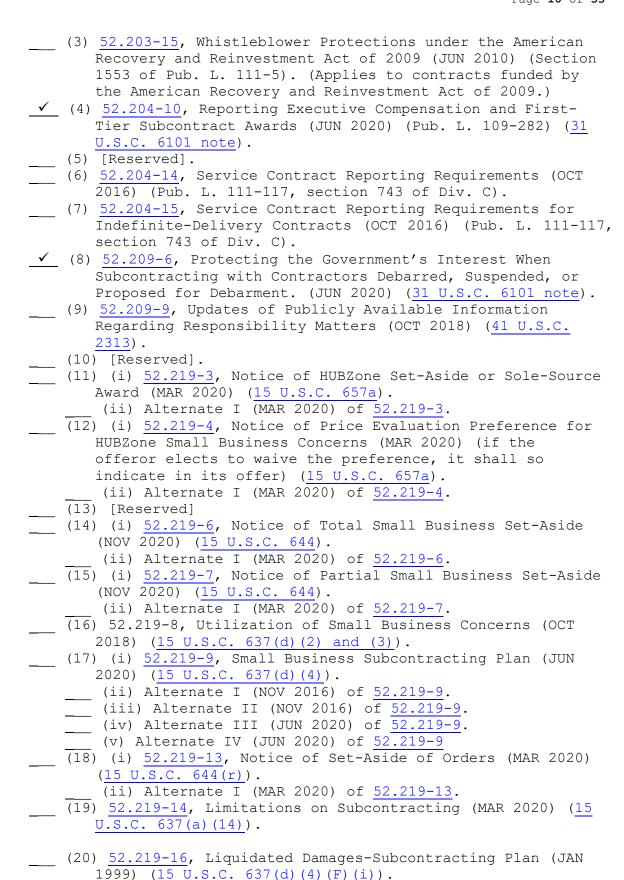
2.1 Contract Clauses

FAR 52.212-4 Contract Terms and Conditions - Commercial Items (OCT 2018) is incorporated by reference (see SF-18, Block 11(b)).

"None"

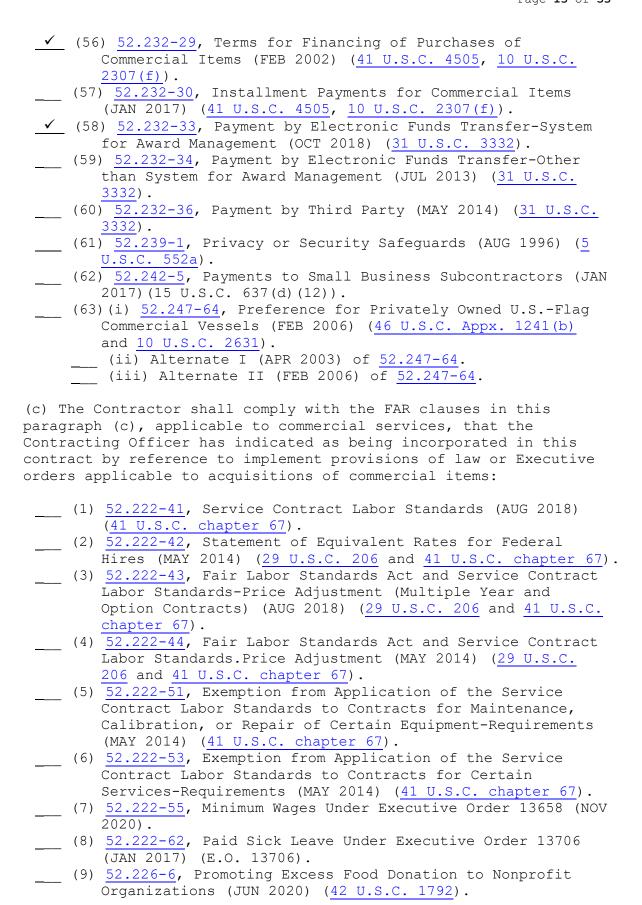
FAR 52.212-5 Contract Terms and Conditions Required to Implement Statutes or Executive Orders-Commercial Items (JUL 2021)

- (a) The Contractor shall comply with the following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses, which are incorporated in this contract by reference, to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:
 - (1) 52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (Jan 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).
 - (2) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (JUL 2018) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).
 - (3) <u>52.204-25</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (AUG 2020) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).
 - (4) $\underline{52.209-10}$, Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations (NOV 2015).
 - (5) 52.233-3, Protest After Award (AUG 1996) (31 U.S.C. 3553).
 - (6) $\underline{52.233-4}$, Applicable Law for Breach of Contract Claim (OCT 2004) (Public Laws 108-77 and 108-78 (19 U.S.C. 3805 note)).
- (b) The Contractor shall comply with the FAR clauses in this paragraph (b) that the Contracting Officer has indicated as being incorporated in this contract by reference to implement provisions of law or Executive orders applicable to acquisitions of commercial items:
 - (1) $\underline{52.203-6}$, Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (JUNE 2020), with Alternate I (OCT 1995) ($\underline{41}$ U.S.C. $\underline{4704}$ and $\underline{10}$ U.S.C. $\underline{2402}$).
 - (2) 52.203-13, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (JUN 2020) (41 U.S.C. 3509)).



___ (21) 52.219-27, Notice of Service-Disabled Veteran-Owned Small Business Set-Aside (MAR 2020) (15 U.S.C. 657 f). (22) (i) 52.219-28, Post Award Small Business Program Representation (NOV 2020) (15 U.S.C. 632(a)(2)). (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2020) of 52.219-28. (23) 52.219-29, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Economically Disadvantaged Women-Owned Small Business Concerns (MAR 2020) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)). (24) 52.219-30, Notice of Set-Aside for, or Sole Source Award to, Women-Owned Small Business Concerns Eligible Under the Women-Owned Small Business Program (MAR 2020) (15 U.S.C. 637(m)). (25) 52.219-32, Orders Issued Directly Under Small Business Reserves (MAR 2020) (15 U.S.C. 644(r)). (26) 52.219-33, Nonmanufacturer Rule (MAR 2020) (15 U.S.C. 637(a)(17)). (27) 52.222-3, Convict Labor (JUN 2003) (E.O. 11755). \checkmark (28) 52.222-19, Child Labor. Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (JAN 2020) (E.O. 13126). (29) <u>52.222-21</u>, Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015). (30)(i) 52.222-26, Equal Opportunity (SEP 2016) (E.O. 11246). (ii) Alternate I (FEB 1999) of 52.222-26. (31)(i) <u>52.222-35</u>, Equal Opportunity for Veterans (JUN 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212). (ii) Alternate I (JUL 2014) of 52.222-35. (32) (i) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUN 2020) (29 U.S.C. 793). (ii) Alternate I (JUL 2014) of 52.222-36. (33) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (JUN 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212). (34) 52.222-40, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496). \checkmark (35)(i) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (OCT 2020) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627). (ii) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of 52.222-50 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O. 13627). (36) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (OCT 2015). (Executive Order 12989). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items or certain other types of commercial items as prescribed in 22.1803.) (37) (i) 52.223-9, Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA-Designated Items (MAY 2008) (42 U.S.C. 6962(c)(3)(A)(ii)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.) (ii) Alternate I (MAY 2008) of 52.223-9 (42 U.S.C. 6962(i)(2)(C)). (Not applicable to the acquisition of commercially available off-the-shelf items.)

___ (38) 52.223-11, Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (JUN 2016) (E.O. 13693). (39) 52.223-12, Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners (JUN 2016) (E.O. 13693). (40)(i) 52.223-13, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Imaging Equipment (JUN 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514). (ii) Alternate I (OCT 2015) of 52.223-13. (41) (i) 52.223-14, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Televisions (JUN 2014) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514). (ii) Alternate I (Jun 2014) of 52.223-14. (42) 52.223-15, Energy Efficiency in Energy-Consuming Products (MAY 2020) (42 U.S.C. 8259b). (43) (i) 52.223-16, Acquisition of EPEAT®-Registered Personal Computer Products (OCT 2015) (E.O.s 13423 and 13514). (ii) Alternate I (JUN 2014) of 52.223-16. ✓ (44) 52.223-18, Encouraging Contractor Policies to Ban Text Messaging While Driving (JUN 2020) (E.O. 13513). (45) <u>52.223-20</u>, Aerosols (JUN 2016) (E.O. 13693). (46) $52.\overline{223-21}$, Foams (JUN 2016) (E.O. 13693). (47)(i) 52.224-3, Privacy Training (JAN 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552a). (ii) Alternate I (JAN 2017) of 52.224-3. (48) <u>52.225-1</u>, Buy American-Supplies (JAN 2021) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83). (49)(i) 52.225-3, Buy American. Free Trade Agreements. Israeli Trade Act (JAN 2021) (41 U.S.C. chapter 83, 19 U.S.C. 3301 note, 19 U.S.C. 2112 note, 19 U.S.C. 3805 note, 19 U.S.C. 4001 note, Pub. L. 103-182, 108-77, 108-78, 108-286, 108-302, 109-53, 109-169, 109-283, 110-138, 112-41, 112-42, and 112-43. (ii) Alternate I (JAN 2021) of 52.225-3. (iii) Alternate II (JAN 2021) of 52.225-3. (iv) Alternate III (JAN 2021) of 52.225-3. (50) 52.225-5, Trade Agreements (Oct 2019) (19 U.S.C. 2501, et seq., 19 U.S.C. 3301 note). ✓ (51) 52.225-13, Restrictions on Certain Foreign Purchases (JUN 2008) (E.O.'s, proclamations, and statutes administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury). (52) 52.225-26, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (OCT 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note). (53) <u>52.226-4</u>, Notice of Disaster or Emergency Area Set-Aside (NOV 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150). (54) 52.226-5, Restrictions on Subcontracting Outside Disaster or Emergency Area (NOV 2007) (42 U.S.C. 5150). (55) 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements (FEB 2021).



- (d) Comptroller General Examination of Record. The Contractor shall comply with the provisions of this paragraph (d) if this contract was awarded using other than sealed bid, is in excess of the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101, on the date of award of this contract, and does not contain the clause at 52.215-2, Audit and Records-Negotiation.
 - (1) The Comptroller General of the United States, or an authorized representative of the Comptroller General, shall have access to and right to examine any of the Contractor's directly pertinent records involving transactions related to this contract.
 - (2) The Contractor shall make available at its offices at all reasonable times the records, materials, and other evidence for examination, audit, or reproduction, until 3 years after final payment under this contract or for any shorter period specified in FAR <u>subpart 4.7</u>, Contractor Records Retention, of the other clauses of this contract. If this contract is completely or partially terminated, the records relating to the work terminated shall be made available for 3 years after any resulting final termination settlement. Records relating to appeals under the disputes clause or to litigation or the settlement of claims arising under or relating to this contract shall be made available until such appeals, litigation, or claims are finally resolved.
 - (3) As used in this clause, records include books, documents, accounting procedures and practices, and other data, regardless of type and regardless of form. This does not require the Contractor to create or maintain any record that the Contractor does not maintain in the ordinary course of business or pursuant to a provision of law.
- (e) (1) Notwithstanding the requirements of the clauses in paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of this clause, the Contractor is not required to flow down any FAR clause, other than those in this paragraph (e) (1) in a subcontract for commercial items. Unless otherwise indicated below, the extent of the flow down shall be as required by the clause.
 - (i) $\underline{52.203-13}$, Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (JUN 2020) (41 U.S.C. 3509).
 - (ii) 52.203-19, Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (JAN 2017) (section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions)).
 - (iii) <u>52.204-23</u>, Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (JUL 2018) (Section 1634 of Pub. L. 115-91).

- (iv) $\underline{52.204-25}$, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment. (AUG 2020) (Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Pub. L. 115-232).
- (v) 52.219-8, Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2018) (15 U.S.C. 637 (d) (2) and (3)), in all subcontracts that offer further subcontracting opportunities. If the subcontract (except subcontracts to small business concerns) exceeds \$700,000 (\$1.5 million for construction of any public facility), the subcontractor must include 52.219-8 in lower tier subcontracts that offer subcontracting opportunities.
- (ix) 52.222-36, Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUN 2020) (29 U.S.C. 793).
- (x) 52.222-37, Employment Reports on Veterans (JUN 2020) (38 U.S.C. 4212)
- (xi) $\underline{52.222-40}$, Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act (DEC 2010) (E.O. 13496). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (f) of FAR clause $\underline{52.222-40}$.
- (xii) 52.222-41, Service Contract Labor Standards (AUG 2018) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
 - (A) 52.222-50, Combating Trafficking in Persons (OCT 2020) (22 U.S.C. chapter 78 and E.O 13627).
 - $\underline{}$ (B) Alternate I (MAR 2015) of $\underline{52.222-50}$ ($\underline{22~U.S.C.~chapter}$ and E.O 13627).
- (xiv) $\frac{52.222-51}{}$, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Maintenance, Calibration, or Repair of Certain Equipment-Requirements (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (xv) 52.222-53, Exemption from Application of the Service Contract Labor Standards to Contracts for Certain Services-Requirements (MAY 2014) (41 U.S.C. chapter 67).
- (xvi) 52.222-54, Employment Eligibility Verification (OCT 2015) (E.O. 12989).
- (xvii) 52.222-55, Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (NOV 2020).
- (xviii) $\underline{52.222-62}$, Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2017) (E.O. 13706).
- (xix) (A) 52.224-3, Privacy Training (JAN 2017) (5 U.S.C. 552a). (B) Alternate I (JAN 2017) of 52.224-3.
- (xx) $\frac{52.225-26}{}$, Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (OCT 2016) (Section 862, as amended, of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008; 10 U.S.C. 2302 Note).
- (xxi) $\underline{52.226-6}$, Promoting Excess Food Donation to Nonprofit Organizations (JUN 2020) ($\underline{42~U.S.C.~1792}$). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (e) of FAR clause 52.226-6.

- (xxii) 52.247-64, Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006) (46 U.S.C. Appx. 1241(b) and 10 U.S.C. 2631). Flow down required in accordance with paragraph (d) of FAR clause 52.247-64.
- (2) While not required, the Contractor may include in its subcontracts for commercial items a minimal number of additional clauses necessary to satisfy its contractual obligations.

(End of clause)

Add the following clause in full text:

FAR 52.229-12 Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements (FEB 2021)

- (a) Definitions. As used in this clause—
 Foreign person means any person other than a United States person.
 United States person, as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(30), means—
 - (1) A citizen or resident of the United States;
 - (2) A domestic partnership;
 - (3) A domestic corporation;
 - (4) Any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(31)); and
 - (5) Any trust if—
 - (i) A court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust; and
 - (ii) One or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.
- (b) This clause applies only to foreign persons. It implements 26 U.S.C. 5000C and its implementing regulations at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1 through 1.5000C-7.
- (c)(1) If the Contractor is a foreign person and has only a partial or no exemption to the withholding, the Contractor shall include the Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form W-14, Certificate of Foreign Contracting Party Receiving Federal Procurement Payments, with each voucher or invoice submitted under this contract throughout the period in which this status is applicable. The excise tax withholding is applied at the payment level, not at the contract level. The Contractor should revise each IRS Form W-14 submission to reflect the exemption (if any) that applies to that particular invoice, such as a different exemption applying. In the absence of a completed IRS Form W-14 accompanying a payment request, the default withholding percentage is 2 percent for the section 5000C withholding for that payment request. Information about IRS Form W-14 and its separate instructions is available via the internet at www.irs.gov/w14.
 - (2) If the Contractor is a foreign person and has indicated in its offer in the provision 52.229-11, Tax on Certain Foreign

Procurements—Notice and Representation, that it is fully exempt from the withholding, and certified the full exemption on the IRS Form W-14, and if that full exemption no longer applies due to a change in circumstances during the performance of the contract that causes the Contractor to become subject to the withholding for the 2 percent excise tax then the Contractor shall—

- (i) Notify the Contracting Officer within 30 days of a change in circumstances that causes the Contractor to be subject to the excise tax withholding under 26 U.S.C. 5000C; and
- (ii) Comply with paragraph (c)(1) of this clause.
- (d) The Government will withhold a full 2 percent of each payment unless the Contractor claims an exemption. If the Contractor enters a ratio in Line 12 of the IRS Form W-14, the result of Line 11 divided by Line 10, the Government will withhold from each payment an amount equal to 2 percent multiplied by the contract ratio. If the Contractor marks box 9 of the IRS Form W-14 (rather than completes Lines 10 through 12), 3ontractor must identify and enter the specific exempt and nonexempt amounts in Line 15 of the IRS Form W-14; the Government will then withhold 2 percent only from the nonexempt amount. See the IRS Form W-14 and its instructions.
- (e) Exemptions from the withholding under this clause are described at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1(d)(5) through (7). Any exemption claimed and self-certified on the IRS Form W-14 is subject to audit by the IRS. Any disputes regarding the imposition and collection of the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax are adjudicated by the IRS as the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax is a tax matter, not a contract issue.
- (f) Taxes imposed under 26 U.S.C. 5000C may not be-
 - (1) Included in the contract price; nor
 - (2) Reimbursed.
- (g) A taxpayer may, for a fee, seek advice from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as to the proper tax treatment of a transaction. This is called a private letter ruling. Also, the IRS may publish a revenue ruling, which is an official interpretation by the IRS of the Internal Revenue Code, related statutes, tax treaties, and regulations. A revenue ruling is the conclusion of the IRS on how the law is applied to a specific set of facts. For questions relating to the interpretation of the IRS regulations go to https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions.

(End of clause)

2.2 Addendum to Contract Clauses - FAR and DOSAR Clauses not Prescribed in Part 12

The following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses are provided in full text:

FAR 52.252-2 Clauses Incorporated by Reference (FEB 1998)

This contract incorporates one or more clauses by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. In addition, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at: https://acquisition.gov/browse/index/far this address is subject to change.

If the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) is not available at the location indicated above, use the Department of State Acquisition website at https://ecfr.io/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=d9a7851186785ba2b1896db79b1b6b29&mc=true&tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title48/48tab02.tpl to see the links to the FAR. You may also use an Internet "search engine" (for example, Google, Yahoo or Excite) to obtain the latest location of the most current FAR.

The following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) clauses are incorporated by reference:

Clause	Title and Date
52.203-17	Contractor Employee Whistleblower Rights and
	Requirement to Inform Employees of Whistleblower Rights (JUN 2020)
52.204-9	Personal Identity Verification of Contractor Personnel
	(JAN 2011)
52.204-13	System for Award Management Maintenance (OCT 2018)
52.204-18	Commercial and Government Entity Code Maintenance
	(AUG 2020)
52.225-14	Inconsistency Between English Version and Translation
	of Contract (FEB 2000)
52.228-3	Workers' Compensation Insurance (Defense Base Act) (JUL
	2014)
52.228-4	Worker's Compensation and War-Hazard Insurance Overseas
	(APR 1984)
52.228-5	Insurance - Work on a Government Installation (JAN
	1997)
52.229-6	Foreign Fixed Price Contracts (FEB 2013)
52.232-39	Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations (JUNE
	2013)
52.244-6	Subcontracts for Commercial Items (JUL 2021)

The following Department of State Acquisition Regulation (DOSAR) clauses are provided in full text:

Contractor Identification (JULY 2008)

Contract performance may require contractor personnel to attend meetings with government personnel and the public, work within government offices, and/or utilize government email.

Contractor personnel must take the following actions to identify themselves as non-federal employees:

- (1) Use an email signature block that shows name, the office being supported and company affiliation (e.g. "John Smith, Office of Human Resources, ACME Corporation Support Contractor");
- (2) Clearly identify themselves and their contractor affiliation in meetings;
- (3) Identify their contractor affiliation in Departmental e-mail and phone listings whenever contractor personnel are included in those listings; and
- (4) Contractor personnel may not utilize Department of State logos or indicia on business cards.

DOSAR 652.232-70 Payment Schedule and Invoice Submission (Fixed-Price) (AUG 1999)

- (a) General. The Government shall pay the Contractor as full compensation for all work required, performed, and accepted under this contract the firm fixed-price stated in this contract.
- (b) Invoice Submission. The Contractor shall submit invoices in one original to the office shown below. To constitute a proper invoice, the invoice shall include all the items required by FAR 32.905(e).

Attn: Financial Management Center U.S. Embassy Tokyo (Invoice for PO# 19JA80-21-P-1044)

The Contractor may submit invoices electronically to TokyoInvoices@state.gov.

(c) Contractor Remittance Address. The Government will make payment to the Contractor's address stated on the cover page of this contract, unless a separate remittance address is shown below:

(The U.S. Government will provide the winner of the contract an electronic funds transfer (EFT) form to fill out.)

DOSAR 652.242-70 Contracting Officer's Representative (COR) (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Contracting Officer may designate in writing one or more Government employees, by name or position title, to take action for the Contracting Officer under this contract. Each designee shall be identified as a Contracting Officer's Representative (COR). Such designation(s) shall specify the scope and limitations of the authority so delegated; provided, that the designee shall not change the terms or conditions of the contract, unless the COR is a warranted Contracting Officer and this authority is delegated in the designation.
- (b) The COR for this contract is Public Affairs Officer at the U.S. Embassy Tokyo.

DOSAR 652.242-73 Authorization and Performance (AUG 1999)

- (a) The Contractor warrants the following:
- (1) That is has obtained authorization to operate and do business in the country or countries in which this contract will be performed;
- (2) That is has obtained all necessary licenses and permits required to perform this contract; and
- (3) That it shall comply fully with all laws, decrees, labor standards, and regulations of said country or countries during the performance of this contract.
- (b) If the party actually performing the work will be a subcontractor or joint venture partner, then such subcontractor or joint venture partner agrees to the requirements of paragraph (a) of this clause.

DOSAR 652.229-70 Excise Tax Exemption Statement for Contractors within the United States (JUL 1988)

This is to certify that the item(s) covered by this contract is/are for export solely for the use of the U.S. Foreign Service Post identified in the contract schedule.

The Contractor shall use a photocopy of this contract as evidence of intent to export. Final proof of exportation may be obtained from the agent handling the shipment. Such proof shall be accepted in lieu of payment of excise tax.

Section 3: Solicitation Provisions

3.1. Solicitation Provisions

FAR 52.212-1, Instructions to Offerors - Commercial Items (JUL 2021), is incorporated by reference. (see SF-18, Block (b))

Addendum to 52.212-1: none

3.2 Summary of Instructions

The quoter shall complete and submit one copy of the following:

- (a) Volume 1 Standard Form 18 (SF-18). Volume 1 consists of completion of blocks 13, 14, 15, and 16 of the form (page 1);
- (b) Volume 2 Price. Volume 2 consists of Section 1.1.3: Pricing (page 3) of the RFQ, and Price breakdown. Quoters must include the currency which they are submitting their prices in.
- (c) Volume 3 Representations and Certifications. Volume 3 consists of Section 5: Representations and Certifications (complete all portions that are applicable) of RFQ.
- (d) Volume 4 Technical Proposals. Volume 4 consists of information demonstrating the quoter's ability to perform, including:
 - (1) Name of a Project Manager (or other liaison to the Embassy) who understands written and spoken English;
 - (2) Evidence that the quoter operates an established business with a permanent address and telephone listing;
 - (3) List of clients over the past three years, demonstrating prior experience with relevant past performance information and references (If it is possible to provide for: dates of contracts, places of performance, value of contracts, contact names, telephone and fax numbers and email addresses). Describe the qualifications and experience of the firm and project team, including the project manager and methodologist; include description of comparable focus group projects conducted in Japan.

The Government will use past performance information primarily to assess a quoter's capability to meet the solicitation performance requirements, including the relevance and successful performance of the quoter's work experience. The Government may also use this data to evaluate the credibility of the quoter's proposal. In addition, the Contracting Officer may use past performance information in making a determination of responsibility.

(4) Content of Proposal:

The proposal should include the following information: [Please note: the proposal may not contain any indemnification language.]

✓ Qualifications:

- Describe the qualifications and experience of the firm and project team, including the project manager and methodologist; include description of comparable focus group projects conducted in Japan.
- Indicate any portion of work that will be done by subcontractors and identify the subcontractors

✓ Focus group composition and recruitment procedures:

- Selection of participants
- Quotas to be employed
- Fieldwork procedures for recruiters
- Protocol for supervision of recruiters
- Follow-up contact and reminders for participants

✓ Fieldwork:

- Selection, qualifications and training of moderator(s)
- Scheduling and assignment of group discussions, including whether focus group sessions will occur during the day or in the evening and on which days of the week
- Description of focus group facility/facilities
- Proposed composition of groups, including optimal size
- Incentives for participants and rejected participants
- Methods for recording audio and video
- Description of moderator debrief after each group discussion, methodological report, and final analytical report

✓ Data management

- Confirmation that the Contractor will provide high quality audio and video of group discussions.
- Discussion of feasibility of recordings in electronic format
- Description of tabulated file of demographic profiles of each group/participant and responses to screening questionnaire.
- Description of tabulated file of responses to follow up questionnaire
- Description of short summary report of each group discussion, methodological report, and final analytical report.
- ✓ Description of delivery method(s) of all required materials

✓ Schedule:

Please provide information about any scheduling constraints you may have for the proposed fieldwork period. Estimate the number of working days required to complete each of the following:

- Development, translation, and formatting of the discussion guide, screening questionnaire, and follow-up questionnaires
- Recruitment and selection of participants
- Fieldwork group discussions (number of groups per day)
- Preparation and submission of the transcripts, tabulations of screening and follow-up questionnaires, short summary reports, methodological report and final analytic report.
- ✓ Budget and detailed explanation of costs: A total price for the project in Japanese yen or U.S. dollars, including ALL anticipated costs and fees and any relevant taxes. This cost must include a total cost for transcription and translation of group discussions - not per word or per page. Please confirm that your firm will hold the firm-fixed price for 60 calendar days.
- ✓ Alternative plan for online fieldwork:

 The Client may consider this focus group study to be conducted online, instead of in-person interview, depending on Japan's COVID-19 status. Please provide the alternative plan for all the above content for online fieldwork. U.S. Embassy Tokyo's staff may observe the online groups. Please propose ways in which the inclusion of an observer will not make the participants feel awkward.
- (5) Evidence that the quoter can provide the necessary personnel, equipment, and financial resources needed to perform the work;
- (6) The quoter shall address its plan to obtain all licenses and permits required by local law (see DOSAR 652.242-73 in Section 2). If quoter already possesses the locally required licenses and permits, a copy shall be provided.
- (7) When some of the exact deliverables or specifications may not be met by the quoters, please indicate in the proposal which deliverables/specifications are not be delivered and suggest alternative plan.

Note: When drafting proposals, please include all information requested above. Failure to do so will weigh heavily against your selection for this project. It is anticipated that the award will be made without discussions, so Contractors should submit their

most advantageous technical response and pricing in response to this RFQ.

Quotation must be received no later than 12:00 noon, Tuesday, September 14, 2021 (Japan Standard Time) via email shown below. (Not via Postal Mail)

No quotations will be accepted after this date/time.

Point of Contact: Masao Chuma - Procurement Agent

Email: ChumaMX@state.gov

Subject: RFQ 19JA80-21-Q-1044

Mobile: 090-1110-9306

Embassy Telephone Operator: 03-3224-5000

Note: After submission of quotation, quoter shall contact Masao Chuma by phone or separate email to confirm the receipt of quotation.

The quoter shall identify and explain/justify any deviations, exceptions, or conditional assumptions taken with respect to any of the instructions or requirements of this RFQ in the appropriate volume of the quote.

3.3 Addendum to Solicitation Provisions - FAR and DOSAR Provisions not Prescribed in Part 12

FAR 52.252-1 Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. In addition, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at Acquisition.gov this address is subject to change.

If the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) is not available at the location indicated above, use the Department of State Acquisition website at $\underline{\text{e-CFR}}$ to see the links to the FAR. You may also use an Internet "search engine" (for example, Google, Yahoo or Excite) to obtain the latest location of the most current FAR.

The following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) solicitation provisions are incorporated by reference:

<u>Provision</u>	Title and Date
52.204-7 52.204-16	System for Award Management (OCT 2018) Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting (AUG 2020)
52.214-34	Submission of Offers in the English Language (APR 1991)

The following Department of State Acquisition Regulation (DOSAR) provision is provided in full text:

DOSAR 652.206-70 Advocate for Competition/Ombudsman (FEB 2015)

- (a) The Department of State's Advocate for Competition is responsible for assisting industry in removing restrictive requirements from Department of State solicitations and removing barriers to full and open competition and use of commercial items. If such a solicitation is considered competitively restrictive or does not appear properly conducive to competition and commercial practices, potential offerors are encouraged first to contact the contracting office for the solicitation. If concerns remain unresolved, contact:
 - (1) For solicitations issued by the Office of Acquisition Management (A/LM/AQM) or a Regional Procurement Support Office, the A/LM/AQM Advocate for Competition, at AQMCompetitionAdvocate@state.gov.
 - (2) For all others, the Department of State Advocate for Competition at cat@state.gov.

(b) The Department of State's Acquisition Ombudsman has been appointed to hear concerns from potential offerors and contractors during the pre-award and post-award phases of this acquisition. The role of the ombudsman is not to diminish the authority of the contracting officer, the Technical Evaluation Panel or Source Evaluation Board, or the selection official. The purpose of the ombudsman is to facilitate the communication of concerns, issues, disagreements, and recommendations of interested parties to the appropriate Government personnel, and work to resolve them. When requested and appropriate, the ombudsman will maintain strict confidentiality as to the source of the concern. The ombudsman does not participate in the evaluation of proposals, the source selection process, or the adjudication of formal contract disputes. Interested parties are invited to contact the contracting activity ombudsman, Minister-Counselor for Management Affairs, at TEL: +81-3-3224-5585 or FAX: +81-3-3224-5303. For an American Embassy or overseas post, refer to the numbers below for the Department Acquisition Ombudsman. Concerns, issues, disagreements, and recommendations which cannot be resolved at a contracting activity level may be referred to the Department of State Acquisition Ombudsman at (703) 516-1696 or write to:

Department of State Acquisition Ombudsman Office of the Procurement Executive (A/OPE) Suite 1060, SA-15 Washington, DC 20520 U.S.A.

Section 4: Evaluation Factors

4.1 Evaluation Factors

FAR 52.212-2 Evaluation-Commercial Items (OCT 2014), is incorporated by reference.

The U.S. Government intends to award a contract resulting from this Request for Quotations (RFQ) to the lowest priced, technically acceptable, responsible offeror. The evaluation process shall include the following:

- (a) Award will be made to the lowest priced, technically acceptable, responsible offeror. The U.S. Government reserves the right to reject proposals that are unreasonably low or high in price.
- (b) The lowest price will be determined by the offered price in subsection 1.1.3 Pricing.
- (c) The Government will determine acceptability by assessing the offeror's compliance with the terms of the RFQ to include the technical information required by Section 3.
- (d) The Government will determine contractor responsibility by analyzing whether the apparent successful quoter complies with the requirements of FAR 9.1, including:
 - (1) Adequate financial resources or the ability to obtain them;
 - (2) Ability to comply with the required performance period, taking into consideration all existing commercial and governmental business commitments;
 - (3) Satisfactory record of integrity and business ethics;
 - (4) Necessary organization, experience, and skills or the ability to obtain them;
 - (5) Necessary equipment and facilities or the ability to obtain them; and
 - (6) Be otherwise qualified and eligible to receive an award under applicable laws and regulations.
- (e) Detailed description of how proposals will be evaluated as on the following criteria:
 - (1) Technical Evaluation Factors
 - Quality of the sampling design; including, but not limited to, the appropriateness of the proposed sampling method to the target population. The Client will evaluate this

factor to determine whether or not the sampling design meets all stated criteria of the aforementioned work requirements.

- Quality of data-collection procedures; including, but not limited to, training and supervision of recruitment interviewers, experience of moderator, and quality of focus group facilities and recording devices. The Client will evaluate this factor to determine whether or not the data-collection procedures meet all stated criteria of the aforementioned work requirements. A satisfactory procedure is one with sufficient quality control checks in place to insure that data are collected and recorded with full respect to garnering the most valid and reliable data from each respondent.
- Time-frame for delivery of results; including, but not limited to, an appropriate amount of time in the field for the method chosen and delivery of initial deliverables within a reasonable time frame for the method chosen. The amount of time between the initial delivery of the discussion guide through to the delivery of clear transcripts.

(2) Past Performance and Relevant Experience

This will be evaluated by examining the quality of a Contractor's past performance on similar types of projects (at least three but no more than five) and its capacity to meet the task order requirements, including the performance of its major subcontractors. The Client may also use this to evaluate the credibility of the Contractor's proposal. The Client strongly prefers that the prime contractor have direct experience recruiting and facilitating focus groups in Japan and that the prime contractor have on staff moderators and other employees with native fluency in Japanese. In addition, the Contracting Officer may use past performance information in making a determination of responsibility. The Contractor shall demonstrate successful past performance during the past three (3) years that reflect conditions, scope, effort, size, and complexity comparable to this solicitation. Contractor's past performance reputation with its customers will also be used. Contractors with no past performance history will be classified as "Neutral" (Acceptable).

(3) Price

(f) Basis for Award

For this solicitation, technical merit, past performance, and relevant experience are more important than price. Award will not be automatically determined by numerical calculation or formula relationship between these variables. As technical merit of the offerors' proposals and past performance becomes more

equal, the evaluated price may become the determining factor. The Contracting Officer shall determine what trade-off between technical merit, past performance, and price promises the greatest value to the Government, price and other factors considered. Contract award will be made in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulations Part 12-Acquisition of Commercial Items, and Part 13-Simplified Acquisition Procedures.

4.2 Addendum to Evaluation Factors - FAR and DOSAR Provisions not Prescribed in Part 12

The following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) provisions are provided in full text:

FAR 52.225-17 Evaluation of Foreign Currency Offers (FEB 2000)

If the Government receives offers in more than one currency, the Government will evaluate offers by converting the foreign currency to United States currency using the exchange rate used by the Embassy in effect as follows:

- (a) For acquisitions conducted using sealed bidding procedures, on the date of bid opening.
- (b) For acquisitions conducted using negotiation procedures-
 - (1) On the date specified for receipt of offers, if award is based on initial offers; otherwise
 - (2) On the date specified for receipt of proposal revisions.

Section 5: Representations and Certifications

5.1 Offeror Representations and Certifications

FAR 52.204-24 Representation Regarding Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (OCT 2020)

The Offeror shall not complete the representation at paragraph (d) (1) of this provision if the Offeror has represented that it "does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument" in paragraph (c) (1) in the provision at $\frac{52.204-26}{20.204-26}$, Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services—Representation, or in paragraph (v) (2) (i) of the provision at $\frac{52.212-3}{20.204-20}$, Offeror Representations and Certifications—Commercial Items. The Offeror shall not complete the representation in paragraph (d) (2) of this provision if the Offeror has represented that it "does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services" in paragraph (c) (2) of the provision at $\frac{52.204-26}{20.204-26}$, or in paragraph (v) (2) (ii) of the provision at $\frac{52.204-26}{20.204-26}$, or in paragraph (v) (2) (iii) of the provision at $\frac{52.204-26}{20.204-26}$, or in

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Backhaul, covered telecommunications equipment or services, critical technology, interconnection arrangements, reasonable inquiry, roaming, and substantial or essential component have the meanings provided in the clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

(b) Prohibition.

- (1) Section 889(a)(1)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—
 - (i) Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or
 - (ii) Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any

user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

- (2) Section 889(a)(1)(B) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2020, from entering into a contract or extending or renewing a contract with an entity that uses any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. This prohibition applies to the use of covered telecommunications equipment or services, regardless of whether that use is in performance of work under a Federal contract. Nothing in the prohibition shall be construed to—
 - (i) Prohibit the head of an executive agency from procuring with an entity to provide a service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or
 - (ii) Cover telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or cannot permit visibility into any user data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.
- (c) Procedures. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM)
 (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".
- (d) Representation. The Offeror represents that-
 - (1) It ___ will, ___ will not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract or other contractual instrument resulting from this solicitation. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (e)(1) of this section if the Offeror responds "will" in paragraph (d)(1) of this section; and
 - (2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry, for purposes of this representation, the Offeror represents that—
 - It ____ does, ____ does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or use any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services. The Offeror shall provide the additional disclosure information required at paragraph (e)(2) of this section if the Offeror responds "does" in paragraph (d)(2) of this section.

(e) Disclosures.

(1) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "will" in the representation in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:

(i) For covered equipment-

- (A) The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the original equipment manufacturer (OEM) or a distributor, if known);
- (B) A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
- (C) Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.

(ii) For covered services-

- (A) If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or
- (B) If not associated with maintenance, the Product Service Code (PSC) of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(1) of this provision.
- (2) Disclosure for the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision. If the Offeror has responded "does" in the representation in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision, the Offeror shall provide the following information as part of the offer:

(i) For covered equipment-

(A) The entity that produced the covered telecommunications equipment (include entity name, unique entity identifier, CAGE code, and whether the entity was the OEM or a distributor, if known);

- (B) A description of all covered telecommunications equipment offered (include brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); and
- (C) Explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications equipment and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.
- (ii) For covered services-
 - (A) If the service is related to item maintenance: A description of all covered telecommunications services offered (include on the item being maintained: Brand; model number, such as OEM number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number; and item description, as applicable); or
- (B) If not associated with maintenance, the PSC of the service being provided; and explanation of the proposed use of covered telecommunications services and any factors relevant to determining if such use would be permissible under the prohibition in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision.

 (End of provision)

FAR 52.204-26 Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services-Representation (OCT 2020)

- (a) Definitions. As used in this provision, "covered telecommunications equipment or services" and "reasonable inquiry" have the meaning provided in the clause 52.204-25, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.
- (b) Procedures. The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".
- (c) Representations.
- (1) The Offeror represents that it [] does, [] does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.
- (2) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, the Offeror represents that it [] does, [] does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(End of provision)

FAR 52.212-3 Offeror Representations and Certifications - Commercial Item (FEB 2021)

The Offeror shall complete only paragraph (b) of this provision if the Offeror has completed the annual representations and certification electronically in the System for Award Management (SAM) accessed through https://www.sam.gov. If the Offeror has not completed the annual representations and certifications electronically, the Offeror shall complete only paragraphs (c) through (v) of this provision.

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

"Covered telecommunications equipment or services" has the meaning provided in the clause $\underline{52.204-25}$, Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment.

"Economically disadvantaged women-owned small business (EDWOSB) concern" means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States and who are economically disadvantaged in accordance with 13 CFR part 127. It automatically qualifies as a women-owned small business eligible under the WOSB Program.

"Forced or indentured child labor" means all work or service-

- (1) Exacted from any person under the age of 18 under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily; or
- (2) Performed by any person under the age of 18 pursuant to a contract the enforcement of which can be accomplished by process or penalties.

"Highest-level owner" means the entity that owns or controls an immediate owner of the offeror, or that owns or controls one or more entities that control an immediate owner of the offeror. No entity owns or exercises control of the highest level owner.

"Immediate owner" means an entity, other than the offeror, that has direct control of the offeror. Indicators of control include, but are not limited to, one or more of the following: ownership

or interlocking management, identity of interests among family members, shared facilities and equipment, and the common use of employees.

"Inverted domestic corporation", means a foreign incorporated entity that meets the definition of an inverted domestic corporation under 6 U.S.C. 395(b), applied in accordance with the rules and definitions of 6 U.S.C. 395(c)

"Manufactured end product" means any end product in product and service codes (PSCs) 1000-9999, except-

- (1) PSC 5510, Lumber and Related Basic Wood Materials;
- (2) Product or Service Group (PSG) 87, Agricultural Supplies;
- (3) PSG 88, Live Animals;
- (4) PSG 89, Subsistence;
- (5) PSC 9410, Crude Grades of Plant Materials;
- (6) PSC 9430, Miscellaneous Crude Animal Products, Inedible;
- (7) PSC 9440, Miscellaneous Crude Agricultural and Forestry Products;
- (8) PSC 9610, Ores;
- (9) PSC 9620, Minerals, Natural and Synthetic; and
- (10) PSC 9630, Additive Metal Materials.

"Place of manufacture" means the place where an end product is assembled out of components, or otherwise made or processed from raw materials into the finished product that is to be provided to the Government. If a product is disassembled and reassembled, the place of reassembly is not the place of manufacture.

"Predecessor" means an entity that is replaced by a successor and includes any predecessors of the predecessor.

"Restricted business operations" means business operations in Sudan that include power production activities, mineral extraction activities, oil-related activities, or the production of military equipment, as those terms are defined in the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-174). Restricted business operations do not include business operations that the person (as that term is defined in Section 2 of the Sudan Accountability and Divestment Act of 2007) conducting the business can demonstrate—

(1) Are conducted under contract directly and exclusively with the regional government of southern Sudan;

- (2) Are conducted pursuant to specific authorization from the Office of Foreign Assets Control in the Department of the Treasury, or are expressly exempted under Federal law from the requirement to be conducted under such authorization;
- (3) Consist of providing goods or services to marginalized populations of Sudan;
- (4) Consist of providing goods or services to an internationally recognized peacekeeping force or humanitarian organization;
- (5) Consist of providing goods or services that are used only to promote health or education; or
- (6) Have been voluntarily suspended.

"Sensitive technology"-

- (1) Means hardware, software, telecommunications equipment, or any other technology that is to be used specifically—
 - (i) To restrict the free flow of unbiased information in Iran; or
 - (ii) To disrupt, monitor, or otherwise restrict speech of the people of Iran; and
- (2) Does not include information or informational materials the export of which the President does not have the authority to regulate or prohibit pursuant to section 203(b)(3) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act ($\underline{50~U.S.C.}$ 1702(b)(3)).

"Service-disabled veteran-owned small business concern"-

- (1) Means a small business concern-
 - (i) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more service-disabled veterans; and
 - (ii) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more service-disabled veterans or,

in the case of a service-disabled veteran with permanent and severe disability, the spouse or permanent caregiver of such veteran.

(2) Service-disabled veteran means a veteran, as defined in $\underline{38}$ $\underline{\text{U.S.C. }101(2)}$, with a disability that is service-connected, as defined in 38 U.S.C. 101(16).

"Small business concern"-

- (1) Means a concern, including its affiliates, that is independently owned and operated, not dominant in the field of operation in which it is bidding on Government contracts, and qualified as a small business under the criteria in 13 CFR part 121 and size standards in this solicitation.
- (2) Affiliates, as used in this definition, means business concerns, one of whom directly or indirectly controls or has the power to control the others, or a third party or parties control or have the power to control the others. In determining whether affiliation exists, consideration is given to all appropriate factors including common ownership, common management, and contractual relationships. SBA determines affiliation based on the factors set forth at 13 CFR 121.103.

"Small disadvantaged business concern", consistent with 13 CFR 124.1002, means a small business concern under the size standard applicable to the acquisition, that—

- (1) Is at least 51 percent unconditionally and directly owned (as defined at 13 CFR 124.105) by—
 - (i) One or more socially disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.103) and economically disadvantaged (as defined at 13 CFR 124.104) individuals who are citizens of the United States; and
 - (ii) Each individual claiming economic disadvantage has a net worth not exceeding \$750,000 after taking into account the applicable exclusions set forth at 13 CFR 124.104(c)(2); and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled (as defined at 13.CFR 124.106) by individuals, who meet the criteria in paragraphs (1)(i) and (ii) of this definition.

"Subsidiary" means an entity in which more than 50 percent of the entity is owned—

- (1) Directly by a parent corporation; or
- (2) Through another subsidiary of a parent corporation.

"Successor" means an entity that has replaced a predecessor by acquiring the assets and carrying out the affairs of the predecessor under a new name (often through acquisition or merger). The term "successor" does not include new offices/divisions of the same company or a company that only changes its name. The extent of the responsibility of the successor for the liabilities of the predecessor may vary, depending on State law and specific circumstances.

"Veteran-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-

- (1) Not less than 51 percent of which is owned by one or more veterans (as defined at 38 U.S.C. 101(2)) or, in the case of any publicly owned business, not less than 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more veterans; and
- (2) The management and daily business operations of which are controlled by one or more veterans.

"Women-owned small business (WOSB) concern eligible under the WOSB Program" (in accordance with 13 CFR part127), means a small business concern that is at least 51 percent directly and unconditionally owned by, and the management and daily business operations of which are controlled by, one or more women who are citizens of the United States.

"Women-owned small business concern" means a small business concern-

- (1) That is at least 51 percent owned by one or more women; or, in the case of any publicly owned business, at least 51 percent of the stock of which is owned by one or more women; and
- (2) Whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more women.

(b)

- (1) Annual Representations and Certifications. Any changes provided by the Offeror in paragraph (b)(2) of this provision do not automatically change the representations and certifications in SAM.
- (2) The offeror has completed the annual representations and certifications electronically in SAM accessed through http://www.sam.gov. After reviewing SAM information, the Offeror verifies by submission of this offer that the representations and certifications currently posted electronically at FAR 52.212-3, Offeror Representations and Certifications-Commercial Items, have been entered or updated in the last 12 months, are current, accurate, complete, and applicable to this solicitation (including the business size standard applicable to the NAICS code referenced for this solicitation), at the time this offer is submitted and are incorporated in this offer by reference (see FAR 4.1201), except for paragraphs _______.

[Offeror to identify the applicable paragraphs at (c) through (v) of this provision that the offeror has completed for the purposes of this solicitation only, if any.

These amended representation(s) and/or certification(s) are also incorporated in this offer and are current, accurate, and complete as of the date of this offer.

Any changes provided by the offeror are applicable to this solicitation only, and do not result in an update to the representations and certifications posted electronically on SAM.]

- (c) Reserved.
- (d) Reserved.
- (e) Certification Regarding Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (31 http://uscode.house.gov/ U.S.C. 1352).

 (Applies only if the contract is expected to exceed \$150,000.)

 By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief that no Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress or an employee of a Member of Congress on his or her behalf in connection with the award of any resultant contract. If any

registrants under the Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 have made a lobbying contact on behalf of the offeror with respect to this contract, the offeror shall complete and submit, with its offer, OMB Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, to provide the name of the registrants. The offeror need not report regularly employed officers or employees of the offeror to whom payments of reasonable compensation were made.

- (f) Reserved.
- (g) Reserved.
- (h) Certification Regarding Responsibility Matters (Executive Order 12689). (Applies only if the contract value is expected to exceed the simplified acquisition threshold.) The offeror certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror and/or any of its principals—
 - (1) \square Are, \square are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, or declared ineligible for the award of contracts by any Federal agency;
 - (2) \square Have, \square have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for: commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a Federal, state or local government contract or subcontract; violation of Federal or state antitrust statutes relating to the submission of offers; or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, tax evasion, violating Federal criminal tax laws, or receiving stolen property;
 - (3) \square Are, \square are not presently indicted for, or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a Government entity with, commission of any of these offenses enumerated in paragraph (h) (2) of this clause; and
 - (4) \square Have, \square have not, within a three-year period preceding this offer, been notified of any delinquent Federal taxes in an amount that exceeds \$3,500 for which the liability remains unsatisfied.
 - (i) Taxes are considered delinquent if both of the following criteria apply:

- (A) The tax liability is finally determined. The liability is finally determined if it has been assessed. A liability is not finally determined if there is a pending administrative or judicial challenge. In the case of a judicial challenge to the liability, the liability is not finally determined until all judicial appeal rights have been exhausted.
- (B) The taxpayer is delinquent in making payment. A taxpayer is delinquent if the taxpayer has failed to pay the tax liability when full payment was due and required. A taxpayer is not delinquent in cases where enforced collection action is precluded.

(ii) Examples.

- (A) The taxpayer has received a statutory notice of deficiency, under I.R.C. §6212, which entitles the taxpayer to seek Tax Court review of a proposed tax deficiency. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek Tax Court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (B) The IRS has filed a notice of Federal tax lien with respect to an assessed tax liability, and the taxpayer has been issued a notice under I.R.C. §6320 entitling the taxpayer to request a hearing with the IRS Office of Appeals contesting the lien filing, and to further appeal to the Tax Court if the IRS determines to sustain the lien filing. In the course of the hearing, the taxpayer is entitled to contest the underlying tax liability because the taxpayer has had no prior opportunity to contest the liability. This is not a delinquent tax because it is not a final tax liability. Should the taxpayer seek tax court review, this will not be a final tax liability until the taxpayer has exercised all judicial appeal rights.
- (C) The taxpayer has entered into an installment agreement pursuant to I.R.C. §6159. The taxpayer is making timely payments and is in full compliance with the agreement terms. The taxpayer is not delinquent because the taxpayer is not currently required to make full payment.

- (D) The taxpayer has filed for bankruptcy protection. The taxpayer is not delinquent because enforced collection action is stayed under 11 U.S.C. §362 (the Bankruptcy Code).
- (i) Certification Regarding Knowledge of Child Labor for Listed End Products (Executive Order 13126). [The Contracting Officer must list in paragraph (i) (1) any end products being acquired under this solicitation that are included in the List of Products Requiring Contractor Certification as to Forced or Indentured Child Labor, unless excluded at 22.1503(b).]
 - (1) Listed end products.

Listed	End	Product	Listed	Countries	of	Origin

- (2) Certification. [If the Contracting Officer has identified end products and countries of origin in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision, then the offeror must certify to either (i)(2)(i) or (i)(2)(ii) by checking the appropriate block.]
 - \square (i) The offeror will not supply any end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product.
 - \Box (ii) The offeror may supply an end product listed in paragraph (i)(1) of this provision that was mined, produced, or manufactured in the corresponding country as listed for that product. The offeror certifies that it has made a good faith effort to determine whether forced or indentured child labor was used to mine, produce, or manufacture any such end product furnished under this contract. On the basis of those efforts, the offeror certifies that it is not aware of any such use of child labor.
- (j) Reserved.
- (k) Certificates regarding exemptions from the application of the Service Contract Labor Standards (Certification by the offeror as to its compliance with respect to the contract also constitutes its certification as to compliance by its subcontractor if it subcontracts out the exempt services.) [The contracting officer

is to check a box to indicate if paragraph (k) (1) or (k) (2) applies.]

- \square (1) Maintenance, calibration, or repair of certain equipment as described in FAR $\underline{22.1003-4}$ (c) (1). The offeror \square does \square does not certify that—
 - (i) The items of equipment to be serviced under this contract are used regularly for other than Governmental purposes and are sold or traded by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) in substantial quantities to the general public in the course of normal business operations;
 - (ii) The services will be furnished at prices which are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4 (c) (2) (ii)) for the maintenance, calibration, or repair of such equipment; and
 - (iii) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract will be the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing the same equipment of commercial customers.
- \square (2) Certain services as described in FAR $\underline{22.1003-4}$ (d) (1). The offeror \square does \square does not certify that—
 - (i) The services under the contract are offered and sold regularly to non-Governmental customers, and are provided by the offeror (or subcontractor in the case of an exempt subcontract) to the general public in substantial quantities in the course of normal business operations;
 - (ii) The contract services will be furnished at prices that are, or are based on, established catalog or market prices (see FAR 22.1003-4 (d) (2) (iii));
 - (iii) Each service employee who will perform the services under the contract will spend only a small portion of his or her time (a monthly average of less than 20 percent of the available hours on an annualized basis, or less than 20 percent of available hours during the contract period if the contract period is less than a month) servicing the Government contract; and

- (iv) The compensation (wage and fringe benefits) plan for all service employees performing work under the contract is the same as that used for these employees and equivalent employees servicing commercial customers.
- (3) If paragraph (k)(1) or (k)(2) of this clause applies-
- (i) If the offeror does not certify to the conditions in paragraph (k) (1) or (k) (2) and the Contracting Officer did not attach a Service Contract Labor Standards wage determination to the solicitation, the offeror shall notify the Contracting Officer as soon as possible; and
- (ii) The Contracting Officer may not make an award to the offeror if the offeror fails to execute the certification in paragraph (k) (1) or (k) (2) of this clause or to contact the Contracting Officer as required in paragraph (k) (3) (i) of this clause.
- (1) Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) ($\underline{26}$ U.S.C. $\underline{6109}$, $\underline{31}$ $\underline{\text{U.S.C. }7701}$). (Not applicable if the offeror is required to provide this information to SAM to be eligible for award.)
 - (1) All offerors must submit the information required in paragraphs (1)(3) through (1)(5) of this provision to comply with debt collection requirements of 31 U.S.C. 7701(c) and 3325(d), reporting requirements of 26 U.S.C. 6041, 6041A, and 6050M, and implementing regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).
 - (2) The TIN may be used by the Government to collect and report on any delinquent amounts arising out of the offeror's relationship with the Government ($\underline{31~U.s.c.~7701(c)(3)}$). If the resulting contract is subject to the payment reporting requirements described in FAR $\underline{4.904}$, the TIN provided hereunder may be matched with IRS records to verify the accuracy of the offeror's TIN.

(3) Taxpayer Identification Number	(TIN).
□ TIN:	•
\square TIN has been applied for.	
\square TIN is not required because:	
$\hfill\square$ Offeror is a nonresident alien,	foreign corporation, or
foreign partnership that does not	have income effectively
connected with the conduct of a tr	rade or business in the

United States and does not have an office or place of business or a fiscal paying agent in the United States;
government;
□ Offeror is an agency or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
Government.
(4) Type of organization.
☐ Sole proprietorship;
□ Partnership;
☐ Corporate entity (not tax-exempt);
☐ Corporate entity (tax-exempt);
☐ Government entity (Federal, State, or local);
☐ Foreign government;
☐ International organization per 26 CFR 1.6049-4;
□ Other
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(5) Common parent.
☐ Offeror is not owned or controlled by a common parent;
□ Name and TIN of common parent:
Name
TIN

- (m) Restricted business operations in Sudan. By submission of its offer, the offeror certifies that the offeror does not conduct any restricted business operations in Sudan.
- (n) Prohibition on Contracting with Inverted Domestic Corporations.
 - (1) Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with either an inverted domestic corporation, or a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation, unless the exception at 9.108-2 (b) applies or the requirement is waived in accordance with the procedures at 9.108-4.
 - (2) Representation. The Offeror represents that—(i) It □ is, □ is not an inverted domestic corporation; and
 - (ii) It \square is, \square is not a subsidiary of an inverted domestic corporation.
- (o) Prohibition on contracting with entities engaging in certain activities or transactions relating to Iran.

- (1) The offeror shall e-mail questions concerning sensitive technology to the Department of State at CISADA106@state.gov.
- (2) Representation and Certifications. Unless a waiver is granted or an exception applies as provided in paragraph (o)(3) of this provision, by submission of its offer, the offeror—
 - (i) Represents, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that the offeror does not export any sensitive technology to the government of Iran or any entities or individuals owned or controlled by, or acting on behalf or at the direction of, the government of Iran;
 - (ii) Certifies that the offeror, or any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not engage in any activities for which sanctions may be imposed under section 5 of the Iran Sanctions Act; and
 - (iii) Certifies that the offeror, and any person owned or controlled by the offeror, does not knowingly engage in any transaction that exceeds \$3,500 with Iran's Revolutionary Guard Corps or any of its officials, agents, or affiliates, the property and interests in property of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) (see OFAC's Specially Designated Nationals and Blocked Persons List at https://www.treasury.gov/resource-center/sanctions/SDN-List/Pages/default.aspx).
- (3) The representation and certification requirements of paragraph (o)(2) of this provision do not apply if—
 - (i) This solicitation includes a trade agreements certification (e.g., $\underline{52.212-3}$ (g) or a comparable agency provision); and
 - (ii) The offeror has certified that all the offered products to be supplied are designated country end products.
- (p) Ownership or Control of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations when there is a requirement to be registered in SAM or a requirement to have a unique entity identifier in the solicitation.)

- (1) The Offeror represents that it \square has or \square does not have an immediate owner. If the Offeror has more than one immediate owner (such as a joint venture), then the Offeror shall respond to paragraph (2) and if applicable, paragraph (3) of this provision for each participant in the joint venture.
- (2) If the Offeror indicates "has" in paragraph (p)(1) of this
 provision, enter the following information:
 Immediate owner CAGE code:
 ______.
 Immediate owner legal name:
 _____.
 (Do not use a "doing business as" name)
 Is the immediate owner owned or controlled by another entity:
 □ Yes or □ No.
- (3) If the Offeror indicates "yes" in paragraph (p)(2) of this provision, indicating that the immediate owner is owned or controlled by another entity, then enter the following information:

 Highest-level owner CAGE code:

 Highest-level owner legal name:
- (q) Representation by Corporations Regarding Delinquent Tax Liability or a Felony Conviction under any Federal Law.

(Do not use a "doing business as" name)

- (1) As required by sections 744 and 745 of Division E of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235), and similar provisions, if contained in subsequent appropriations acts, The Government will not enter into a contract with any corporation that—
 - (i) Has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability, where the awarding agency is aware of the unpaid tax liability, unless an agency has considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that suspension or debarment is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government; or
 - (ii) Was convicted of a felony criminal violation under any Federal law within the preceding 24 months, where the awarding agency is aware of the conviction, unless an agency has

considered suspension or debarment of the corporation and made a determination that this action is not necessary to protect the interests of the Government.

- (2) The Offeror represents that-
 - (i) It is \square is not \square a corporation that has any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability; and
- (ii) It is \square is not \square a corporation that was convicted of a felony criminal violation under a Federal law within the preceding 24 months.
- (r) Predecessor of Offeror. (Applies in all solicitations that include the provision at $\underline{52.204-16}$, Commercial and Government Entity Code Reporting.)
 - (1) The Offeror represents that it \square is or \square is not a successor to a predecessor that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years.
 - (2) If the Offeror has indicated "is" in paragraph (r)(1) of this provision, enter the following information for all predecessors that held a Federal contract or grant within the last three years (if more than one predecessor, list in reverse chronological order):

Predecessor	CAGE code:	(or mark	"Unknown"
Predecessor	legal name:		
(Do not use	a "doing business	as" name)	

- (s) Reserved.
- (t) Public Disclosure of Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Reduction Goals. Applies in all solicitations that require offerors to register in SAM (12.301(d)(1)).
 - (1) This representation shall be completed if the Offeror received \$7.5 million or more in contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year. The representation is optional if the Offeror received less than \$7.5 million in Federal contract awards in the prior Federal fiscal year.

- (2) Representation. [Offeror to check applicable block(s) in paragraph (t)(2)(i) and (ii)].
 - (i) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) \square does, \square does not publicly disclose greenhouse gas emissions, *i.e.*, makes available on a publicly accessible website the results of a greenhouse gas inventory, performed in accordance with an accounting standard with publicly available and consistently applied criteria, such as the Greenhouse Gas Protocol Corporate Standard.
 - (ii) The Offeror (itself or through its immediate owner or highest-level owner) \square does, \square does not publicly disclose a quantitative greenhouse gas emissions reduction goal, *i.e.*, make available on a publicly accessible website a target to reduce absolute emissions or emissions intensity by a specific quantity or percentage.
 - (iii) A publicly accessible website includes the Offeror's own website or a recognized, third-party greenhouse gas emissions reporting program.
- (3) If the Offeror checked "does" in paragraphs (t)(2)(i) or (t)(2)(ii) of this provision, respectively, the Offeror shall provide the publicly accessible website(s) where greenhouse gas emissions and/or reduction goals are reported:

(u)

- (1) In accordance with section 743 of Division E, Title VII, of the Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2015 (Pub. L. 113-235) and its successor provisions in subsequent appropriations acts (and as extended in continuing resolutions), Government agencies are not permitted to use appropriated (or otherwise made available) funds for contracts with an entity that requires employees or subcontractors of such entity seeking to report waste, fraud, or abuse to sign internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting such waste, fraud, or abuse to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information.
- (2) The prohibition in paragraph (u)(1) of this provision does not contravene requirements applicable to Standard Form 312

(Classified Information Nondisclosure Agreement), Form 4414 (Sensitive Compartmented Information Nondisclosure Agreement), or any other form issued by a Federal department or agency governing the nondisclosure of classified information.

- (3) Representation. By submission of its offer, the Offeror represents that it will not require its employees or subcontractors to sign or comply with internal confidentiality agreements or statements prohibiting or otherwise restricting such employees or subcontractors from lawfully reporting waste, fraud, or abuse related to the performance of a Government contract to a designated investigative or law enforcement representative of a Federal department or agency authorized to receive such information (e.g., agency Office of the Inspector General).
- (v) Covered Telecommunications Equipment or Services-Representation. Section 889(a)(1)(A) of Public Law 115-232.
 - (1) The Offeror shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) (https://www.sam.gov) for entities excluded from receiving federal awards for "covered telecommunications equipment or services".
 - (2) The Offeror represents that-
 - (i) It \square does, \square does not provide covered telecommunications equipment or services as a part of its offered products or services to the Government in the performance of any contract, subcontract, or other contractual instrument.
 - (ii) After conducting a reasonable inquiry for purposes of this representation, that it \square does, \square does not use covered telecommunications equipment or services, or any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(End of Provision)

Add the following provision:

FAR 52.229-11 Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements—Notice and Representation (JUN 2020)

(a) Definitions. As used in this provision-

Foreign person means any person other than a United States person.

Specified Federal procurement payment means any payment made pursuant to a contract with a foreign contracting party that is for goods, manufactured or produced, or services provided in a foreign country that is not a party to an international procurement agreement with the United States. For purposes of the prior sentence, a foreign country does not include an outlying area.

United States person as defined in 26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(30) means-

- (1) A citizen or resident of the United States;
- (2) A domestic partnership;
- (3) A domestic corporation;
- (4) Any estate (other than a foreign estate, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. 701(a)(31); and
- (5) Any trust if—
 - (i) A court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over the administration of the trust; and
 - (ii) One or more United States persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust.
- (b) Unless exempted, there is a 2 percent tax of the amount of a specified Federal procurement payment on any foreign person receiving such payment. See 26 U.S.C. 5000C and its implementing regulations at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1 through 1.5000C-7.
- (c) Exemptions from withholding under this provision are described at 26 CFR 1.5000C-1(d)(5) through (7). The Offeror would claim an exemption from the withholding by using the Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form W-14, Certificate of Foreign Contracting Party Receiving Federal Procurement Payments, available via the internet at www.irs.gov/w14. Any exemption claimed and self-certified on the IRS Form W-14 is subject to audit by the IRS. Any disputes regarding the imposition and collection of the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax are adjudicated by the IRS as the 26 U.S.C. 5000C tax is a tax matter, not a contract issue. The IRS Form W-14 is provided to the acquiring agency rather than to the IRS.
- (d) For purposes of withholding under 26 U.S.C. 5000C, the Offeror represents that— $\,$
 - (1) It []is []is not a foreign person; and
 - (2) If the Offeror indicates "is" in paragraph (d)(1) of this provision, then the Offeror represents that—I am claiming on the

IRS Form W-14 [____] a full exemption, or [____] partial or no exemption [Offeror shall select one] from the excise tax.

- (e) If the Offeror represents it is a foreign person in paragraph(d) (1) of this provision, then—
 - (1) The clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, will be included in any resulting contract; and
 - (2) The Offeror shall submit with its offer the IRS Form W-14. If the IRS Form W-14 is not submitted with the offer, exemptions will not be applied to any resulting contract and the Government will withhold a full 2 percent of each payment.
- (f) If the Offeror selects "is" in paragraph (d)(1) and "partial or no exemption" in paragraph (d)(2) of this provision, the Offeror will be subject to withholding in accordance with the clause at FAR 52.229-12, Tax on Certain Foreign Procurements, in any resulting contract.
- (g) A taxpayer may, for a fee, seek advice from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) as to the proper tax treatment of a transaction. This is called a private letter ruling. Also, the IRS may publish a revenue ruling, which is an official interpretation by the IRS of the Internal Revenue Code, related statutes, tax treaties, and regulations. A revenue ruling is the conclusion of the IRS on how the law is applied to a specific set of facts. For questions relating to the interpretation of the IRS regulations go to https://www.irs.gov/help/tax-law-questions.

(End of provision)

Addendum to Solicitation Provisions - FAR and DOSAR Provisions not Prescribed in Part 12

FAR 52.252-1 Solicitation Provisions Incorporated by Reference (FEB 1998)

This solicitation incorporates one or more solicitation provisions by reference, with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon request, the Contracting Officer will make their full text available. In addition, the full text of a clause may be accessed electronically at Acquisition.gov this address is subject to change.

If the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) is not available at the location indicated above, use the Department of State Acquisition website at <u>e-CFR</u> to see the links to the FAR. You may also use an Internet "search engine" (for example, Google, Yahoo or Excite) to obtain the latest location of the most current FAR.

The following Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) solicitation provisions are incorporated by reference:

FAR 52.225-25 Prohibition on Contracting with Entities Engaging in Certain Activities or Transactions Relating to Iran-Representation and Certifications (JUN 2020)